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USACE / NAVFAC / AFCEC UFGS-05 05 23.16 (August 2018)

Preparing Activity: USACE

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Superseding  
UFGS-05 05 23.16 (May 2014)

## UNIFIED FACILITIES GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

References are in agreement with UMRL dated April 2025

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08/18

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SECTION 05 05 23.16

STRUCTURAL WELDING  
08/18

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NOTE: This guide specification covers the requirements for (1) qualifying welding procedures, welders and welding operators, and (2) the fabrication, welding and inspection of carbon steel, low alloy steel, extra-high-strength quenched and tempered low alloy steels, and austenitic stainless steel materials for structural steel for buildings, other structures and non-structural use.

Adhere to UFC 1-300-02 Unified Facilities Guide Specifications (UFGS) Format Standard when editing this guide specification or preparing new project specification sections. Edit this guide specification for project specific requirements by adding, deleting, or revising text. For bracketed items, choose applicable item(s) or insert appropriate information.

Remove information and requirements not required in respective project, whether or not brackets are present.

Comments, suggestions and recommended changes for this guide specification are welcome and should be submitted as a Criteria Change Request (CCR).

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### PART 1 GENERAL

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NOTE: This specification can be used for other structures with similar types of live loads by implementing the requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M, as applicable, in the design of the weldments, and deleting the references to AISC Specification for the Design, Fabrication and Erection of Structural Steel for Buildings.

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## 1.1 REFERENCES

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NOTE: This paragraph is used to list the publications cited in the text of the guide specification. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only and listed in this paragraph by organization, designation, date, and title.

Use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature when you add a Reference Identifier (RID) outside of the Section's Reference Article to automatically place the reference in the Reference Article. Also use the Reference Wizard's Check Reference feature to update the issue dates.

References not used in the text will automatically be deleted from this section of the project specification when you choose to reconcile references in the publish print process.

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The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to within the text by the basic designation only.

### AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF STEEL CONSTRUCTION (AISC)

AISC 360 (2016) Specification for Structural Steel Buildings

### AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR NONDESTRUCTIVE TESTING (ASNT)

ANSI/ASNT CP-189 (2020) ASNT Standard for Qualification and Certification of Nondestructive Testing Personnel

### AMERICAN WELDING SOCIETY (AWS)

AWS A2.4 (2012) Standard Symbols for Welding, Brazing and Nondestructive Examination

AWS D1.1/D1.1M (2020; Errata 1 2021) Structural Welding Code - Steel

AWS D1.3/D1.3M (2018) Structural Welding Code - Sheet Steel

AWS D1.4/D1.4M (2018) Structural Welding Code - Reinforcing Steel

AWS D1.8/D1.8M (2016) Structural Welding Code—Seismic Supplement

AWS D14.4/D14.4M (2012) Specification for Welded Joints for Machinery and Equipment

AWS QC1 (2016) Specification for AWS Certification

of Welding Inspectors

AWS Z49.1

(2021) Safety in Welding, Cutting and Allied Processes

ASTM INTERNATIONAL (ASTM)

ASTM E165/E165M

(2023) Standard Practice for Liquid Penetrant Examination for General Industry

ASTM E709

(2021) Standard Guide for Magnetic Particle Testing

## 1.2 SUBMITTALS

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NOTE: Review submittal description (SD) definitions in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES and edit the following list, and corresponding submittal items in the text, to reflect only the submittals required for the project. The Guide Specification technical editors have classified those items that require Government approval, due to their complexity or criticality, with a "G." Generally, other submittal items can be reviewed by the Contractor's Quality Control System. Only add a "G" to an item, if the submittal is sufficiently important or complex in context of the project.

For Army projects, fill in the empty brackets following the "G" classification, with a code of up to three characters to indicate the approving authority. Codes for Army projects using the Resident Management System (RMS) are: "AE" for Architect-Engineer; "DO" for District Office (Engineering Division or other organization in the District Office); "AO" for Area Office; "RO" for Resident Office; and "PO" for Project Office. Codes following the "G" typically are not used for Navy and Air Force projects.

The "S" classification indicates submittals required as proof of compliance for sustainability Guiding Principles Validation or Third Party Certification and as described in Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES.

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Government approval is required for submittals with a "G" or "S" classification. Submittals not having a "G" or "S" classification are for Contractor Quality Control approval. Submittals not having a "G" or "S" classification are for information only. When used, a code following the "G" classification identifies the office that will review the submittal for the Government. Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

### SD-01 Preconstruction Submittals

Welding Quality Assurance Plan; G, [\_\_\_\_\_]

### SD-03 Product Data

Welding Procedure Qualifications; G, [\_\_\_\_\_]

Welder, Welding Operator, and Tacker Qualification

Previous Qualifications

Pre-Qualified Procedures; G, [\_\_\_\_\_]

Welding Electrodes and Rods

### SD-06 Test Reports

Nondestructive Testing

Weld Inspection Log

### SD-07 Certificates

Certified Welding Procedure Specifications (WPS)

Certified Brazing Procedure Specifications (BPS)

Certified Procedure Qualification Records (PQR)

Certified Welder Performance Qualifications (WPQ)

Certified Brazer Performance Qualifications (BPQ)

Certified Welding Inspector

Nondestructive Testing Personnel

## 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

Except for pre-qualified (in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M) and previously qualified procedures, each Contractor performing welding must record in detail and qualify the welding procedure specification for any welding procedure followed in the fabrication of weldments. Conform welding procedure qualifications to AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and to the specifications in this section. Submit for approval copies of the welding procedure specification and the procedure qualification records for each type of welding being performed. Submission of the welder, welding operator, or tacker qualification test records is also required. Approval of any procedure, however, does not relieve the Contractor of the sole responsibility for producing a finished structure meeting all the specified requirements. Submit this information on the forms in Annex M of AWS D1.1/D1.1M. Individually identify and clearly reference on the detail drawings and erection drawings all welding procedure specifications, or suitably key them to the contract drawings. In case of conflict between this specification and AWS D1.1/D1.1M, this specification governs.

### 1.3.1 General Requirements

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**NOTE: AISC has a certification program in effect**

that confirms that a certified structural steel fabricating facility has the personnel, organization, experience, procedures, knowledge, equipment, capability, and commitment to produce fabricated steel of the required quality for a given category of structural steel framing. Consider deleting this paragraph if there is a minimal amount of steel on the job.

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Fabricate work in an AISC Certified Fabrication Plant, Category BU. Erect work by an AISC Certified Erector, Category CSE.

a. For Structural Projects, provide documentation of the following:

- (1) Component Thickness 3 mm 1/8 inch and greater: Qualification documents (WPS, PQR, and WPQ) in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M [and AWS D1.8/D1.8M].
- (2) Component Thickness Less than 3 mm 1/8 inch: Qualification documents (WPS, PQR, and WPQ) in accordance with AWS D1.3/D1.3M.
- (3) Reinforcing Steel: Qualification documents (WPS, PQR, and WPQ) in accordance with AWS D1.4/D1.4M.

b. For other applications, provide documentation of the following:

- (1) Submit [two] [\_\_\_\_\_] copies of the Certified Welding Procedure Specifications (WPS), Certified Brazing Procedure Specifications (BPS) and Certified Procedure Qualification Records (PQR) to the Contracting Officer for [approval] [review].
- (2) Submit [two] [\_\_\_\_\_] copies of the Certified Welder Performance Qualifications (WPQ) and Certified Brazer Performance Qualifications (BPQ) to the Contracting Officer for [approval] [review] within [fifteen] [\_\_\_\_\_] calendar days prior to any employee welding on the project material.
- (3) Machinery: Qualification documents (WPS, PQR, and WPQ) in accordance with AWS D14.4/D14.4M.

### 1.3.2 Previous Qualifications

Welding procedures previously qualified by test in accordance with AWS D1.1/D1.1M, may be accepted for this contract without re-qualification, upon receipt of the test results, if the following conditions are met:

- a. Testing was performed by an approved testing laboratory, technical consultant, or the Contractor's approved quality control organization.
- b. The qualified welding procedure conforms to the requirements of this specification and is applicable to welding conditions encountered under this contract.
- c. The welder, welding operator, and tacker qualification tests conform to the requirements of this specification and are applicable to welding conditions encountered under this contract.

### 1.3.3 Pre-qualified Procedures

[Welding procedures which are considered pre-qualified as specified in AWS D1.1/D1.1M will be accepted without further qualification. Submit for approval a listing or an annotated drawing to indicate the joints not pre-qualified. Procedure qualification is mandatory for these joints.]  
[No pre-qualified welding procedures are allowed. Qualify the welding procedures and welders by tests prescribed in the applicable code or specification not withstanding the fact the code or specification may allow pre-qualified procedures.]

### 1.3.4 Welder, Welding Operator, and Tacker Qualification

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**NOTE: Insert additional requirements if necessary.**  
**Determine and specify the methods of nondestructive**  
**testing required.**  
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Each welder, welding operator, and tacker assigned to work on this contract must be qualified in accordance with the applicable requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and as specified in this section. Welders, welding operators, and tackers who make acceptable procedure qualification test welds will be considered qualified for the welding procedure used within the applicable essential variables for welder qualification.

#### 1.3.4.1 Previous Personnel Qualifications

At the discretion of the Contracting Officer, welders, welding operators, and tackers qualified by test within the previous 6 months may be accepted for this contract without re-qualification if all the following conditions are met:

- a. Copies of the welding procedure specifications, the procedure qualification test records, and the welder, welding operator, and tacker qualification test records are submitted and approved in accordance with the specified requirements for detail drawings.
- b. Testing was performed by an approved testing laboratory, technical consultant, or the Contractor's approved quality control organization.
- c. The welder, welding operator, and tacker qualification tests conform to the requirements of this specification and are applicable to welding conditions encountered under this contract.

#### 1.3.4.2 Certificates

Before assigning any welder, welding operator, or tacker to work under this contract, submit the names and certification that each individual is qualified as specified. State in the certification the type of welding and positions for which the welder, welding operator, or tacker is qualified, the code and procedure under which the individual is qualified, the date qualified, and the name of the firm and person certifying the qualification tests. Keep the certification current, on file, and furnish 3 copies.



#### 1.3.4.3 Renewal of Qualification

Re-qualification of a welder or welding operator is required under any of the following conditions:

- a. It has been more than 6 months since the welder or welding operator has used the specific welding process for which he is qualified.
- b. There is specific reason to question the welder or welding operator's ability to make welds that meet the requirements of these specifications.
- c. The welder or welding operator was qualified by an employer other than those firms performing work under this contract, and a qualification test has not been taken within the past 12 months. Submit as evidence of conformance all records showing periods of employment, name of employer where welder, or welding operator, was last employed, and the process for which qualified.
- d. A tacker who passes the qualification test is considered eligible to perform tack welding indefinitely in the positions and with the processes for which he/she is qualified, unless there is some specific reason to question the tacker's ability or there has been a gap greater than 6 months since he/she last used the process. In such a case, the tacker is required to pass the prescribed tack welding test.

#### 1.3.5 Inspector Qualification

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**NOTE: Insert additional requirements if necessary. Determine and specify the methods of nondestructive testing required. If quality control inspection is to be the responsibility of the Government, delete this paragraph.**  
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Submit certificates indicating that **certified welding inspectors** meet the requirements of **AWS QC1**. Submit qualifications for **nondestructive testing personnel** in accordance with the requirements of **ANSI/ASNT CP-189** for Levels I or II in the applicable nondestructive testing method. Level I inspectors must have direct supervision of a Level II inspector.

#### 1.3.6 Symbols and Safety

Use symbols in accordance with **AWS A2.4**, unless otherwise indicated. Follow safe welding practices and safety precautions during welding in conformance with **AWS Z49.1**.

### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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**NOTE: Check the drawings to ensure that any supplementary information required by the paragraph has been shown and that there is no conflict between the drawings and the specifications. Clearly show on the drawings complete information about location, type, size, and extent of all welds and**

nondestructive testing, where required. When welding is to be covered by more than one section in the contract specifications, this section covers all structural welding; the other sections cover the utilities or special equipment required inside the structure. Welding of utilities or special equipment to structural members must be done carefully so that the overall structure is not weakened. Clearly show on the drawings or cover by the contract specification the extent of the welding required. Revise this paragraph to clearly define the welding that is covered. Specify the strength of the base material on drawings or other section of the specifications.

Specify on the drawings or the text of the specifications the weld requirements: tensile strength, elongation, shear strength, size, length, type, and location.

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Conform the design of welded connections to **AISC 360**, unless otherwise indicated or specified. Material with welds will not be accepted unless the welding is specified or indicated on the drawings or otherwise approved. Perform welding as specified in this section, except where additional requirements are shown on the drawings or are specified in other sections. Do not commence welding until welding procedures, inspectors, nondestructive testing personnel, welders, welding operators, and tackers have been qualified and the submittals approved by the Contracting Officer. Perform all testing at or near the work site. Maintain records of the test results obtained in welding procedure, welder, welding operator, and tacker performance qualifications.

#### 2.1.1.1 Pre-erection Conference

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**NOTE:** Use ASTM A992/A992M steel for all buildings which have groove welds in their lateral force resisting systems, and are either in Seismic Design Categories D, E and F or in Category C and are Risk Category III; this and the following paragraph will be retained for this type of building.

Government personnel attending the pre-erection conference should include all field Quality Assurance (QA) inspectors, the building designer, the Engineer of Record (EOR) (if different from the designer) and the Project Manager (PM).

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Hold a pre-erection conference prior to the start of the field welding, to bring all affected parties together and to gain a naturally clear understanding of the project and the Welding Procedure Specifications (WPS) (submitted for all welding, including welding done using pre-qualified procedures). Mandatory attendance is required by all Contractor's welding production and inspection personnel and appropriate Government personnel. Include as items for discussion: responsibilities of various parties; welding procedures and processes to be followed;

welding sequence (both within a joint and joint sequence within the building); inspection requirements and procedures, both visual and nondestructive testing; welding schedule; and other items deemed necessary by the attendees.

## 2.2 WELDING EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

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NOTE: Normally, the Contractor (fabricator) selects the specific electrode material for weldments based on the WPS for the project. If in special cases the selection of the proper electrode is critical to the design, the designer may specify the electrode to be used in this or other sections. In special cases, it may also be necessary to specify the welding process.

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Provide all welding equipment, welding electrodes and rods, welding wire, and fluxes capable of producing satisfactory welds when used by a qualified welder or welding operator. [Use [\_\_\_\_\_] welding electrodes.] [Perform welding using the [\_\_\_\_\_] process.] Provide welding equipment and materials that comply with the applicable requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[ and AWS D1.8/D1.8M]. Submit product data on welding electrodes and rods.

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 WELDING OPERATIONS

#### 3.1.1 Requirements

Conform workmanship and techniques for welded construction to the requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and AISC 360. When AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and the AISC 360 specification conflict, the requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] govern.

#### 3.1.2 Identification

Identify all welds in one of the following ways:

- a. Submit written records to indicate the location of welds made by each welder, welding operator, or tacker.
- b. Identify all work performed by each welder, welding operator, or tacker with an assigned number, letter, or symbol to identify welds made by that individual. The Contracting Officer may require welders, welding operators, and tackers to apply their symbol next to the weld by means of rubber stamp, felt-tipped marker with waterproof ink, or other methods that do not cause an indentation in the metal. Place the identification mark for seam welds adjacent to the weld at 1 m 3 foot intervals. Identification with die stamps or electric etchers is not allowed.

### 3.2 QUALITY CONTROL

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NOTE: AWS D1.1 requires 100% visual inspection of all welds. The requirement to utilize a Certified

Welding Inspector to perform visual inspection is included in the specification as AWS does not require this inspection be performed by a Certified Welding Inspector. AWS D1.1 does not require NDT for any welds. The engineer or specification writer must specify what welds require NDT in addition to visual. The methods of nondestructive testing required must be determined and specified by the designer. Determine the type of nondestructive testing (NDT) method to be used, considering joint design, material thickness, and accessibility to the joint. UT and RT are volumetric testing methods applicable to CJP groove welds. PT and MT are nonvolumetric testing methods applicable for PJP and Fillet welds. Determine joints critical to the structure which should be subjected to additional NDT. Clearly indicate in the specifications or on the drawings which welded joints require 100 percent NDT, which joints require random inspection, and which NDT method(s) are to be used for each joint.

The percentage of joints tested should be randomized throughout the structure unless specific locations require NDT as determined by the engineer of record. Joints not inspected by magnetic particle, liquid penetrant, or ultrasonic or radiographic methods are subject to visual inspections only. If quality control is to be primarily the Contractor's responsibility and the inspection and tests are adequately called out, then acceptance by the Government can rely on the Contractor's work and records -- with some spot checking to verify the results.

If the Contractor must perform nondestructive inspection other than visual, or inspection other than that covered by Section 6 of AWS D1.1/D1.1M, add these requirements to this paragraph. Clearly show the extent of inspection either on the drawings or by this or other sections of the specifications. Edit the bracketed portion of the paragraph to define the extent of nondestructive testing required.

All welded connections per AWS D1.1 will be tested to the static acceptance criteria by default. Connections that require testing to cyclic criteria must be specified by the engineer of record.

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Perform testing using an approved inspection or testing laboratory or technical consultant; or if approved, the Contractor's inspection and testing personnel may be used instead of the commercial inspection or testing laboratory or technical consultant. A Certified Welding Inspector must perform visual inspection on 100 percent of all welds. Document this inspection in the Visual [Weld Inspection Log](#). Test [50%][\_\_\_\_\_] of CJP welds using ultrasonic testing per Table [6.2] [or 6.3] of [AWS D1.1/D1.1M](#). Randomly test [50%][\_\_\_\_\_] of all PJP and fillet welds or as indicated by magnetic particle or dye penetrant testing. Verify the welds conform to paragraph STANDARDS OF ACCEPTANCE. Conform procedures and techniques for

inspection with applicable requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M], ASTM E165/E165M, and ASTM E709. Submit a Welding Quality Assurance Plan and records of tests and inspections.

### 3.3 STANDARDS OF ACCEPTANCE

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**NOTE: Specify on the drawings or the text of the contract specifications must specify the weld requirements: tensile strength, elongation, shear strength, size, length, type, and location. Identify in the contract drawings complete penetration welds subject to primary tensile stress or cyclic loading for the purpose of selecting the correct NDT acceptance criteria.**

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Conform dimensional tolerances for welded construction, details of welds, and quality of welds with the applicable requirements of AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and the contract drawings. Submit all records of nondestructive testing.

#### 3.3.1 Nondestructive Testing

The welding is subject to inspection and tests in the mill, shop, and field. Inspection and tests in the mill or shop do not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to furnish weldments of satisfactory quality. When materials or workmanship do not conform to the specification requirements, the Government reserves the right to reject material or workmanship or both at any time before final acceptance of the structure containing the weldment. Any indication of a defect is regarded as a defect, unless re-evaluation by nondestructive methods or by surface conditioning shows that no unacceptable defect is present. Submit all records of nondestructive testing in accordance with paragraph STANDARDS OF ACCEPTANCE.

#### 3.3.2 Destructive Tests

Make all repairs when metallographic specimens are removed from any part of a structure. Employ only qualified welders or welding operators, and use the proper joints and welding procedures, including peening or heat treatment if required, to develop the full strength of the members and joints cut and to relieve residual stress.

### 3.4 GOVERNMENT INSPECTION AND TESTING

In addition to the inspection and tests performed by the Contractor for quality control, the Government will perform inspection and testing for acceptance to the extent determined by the Contracting Officer. The work may be performed by the Government's own forces or under a separate contract for inspection and testing. The Government reserves the right to perform supplemental nondestructive and destructive tests to determine compliance with paragraph STANDARDS OF ACCEPTANCE.

### 3.5 CORRECTIONS AND REPAIRS

If inspection or testing indicates defects in the weld joints, repair defective welds using a qualified welder or welding operator as applicable. Conduct corrections in accordance with the requirements of

AWS D1.1/D1.1M[, AWS D1.8/D1.8M] and the specifications. Repair all defects in accordance with the approved procedures. Repair defects discovered between passes before additional weld material is deposited. Wherever a defect is removed and repair by welding is not required, blend the affected area into the surrounding surface to eliminate sharp notches, crevices, or corners. After a defect is thought to have been removed, and before re-welding, examine the area by suitable methods to ensure that the defect has been eliminated. Repaired welds must meet the inspection requirements for the original welds.

-- End of Section --